

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31 JULY 2020

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STRATEGIC REPORT

The Northern School of Contemporary Dance is one of six specialist schools delivering world-leading education and vocational training through the Conservatoire of Dance and Drama. The School continues to thrive and has now completed another year of both educational and artistic success.

Review of the year

We are very pleased to report another year of outstanding success and significant progress. The success of the School is most evident once again in the outstanding results achieved by our students. The level of attainment of our students continues to be exceptional:

- BA in Dance (Contemporary) the final year cohort of 52 students graduated, with 100% of our students obtaining a 2.1 degree or above, 62% being First Class Honours awards.
- MA in Contemporary Dance Performance 27students achieved awards, 7 students have taken an intermission in their studies to take up roles in the dance world and intend to return in 2021 to complete their MA studies. Of the remaining graduates, including 3 students who returned from an intermission in their studies last year, 20 students were awarded an MA achieving a distinction with 3 students achieving a merit, 4 students who chose not to return from their intermission in studies and all received the Postgraduate Diploma with distinction.
- MA in Dance and Creative Enterprise 4 students have achieved the full award with 2 students achieving a distinction and 2 a merit. In addition I student has taken an intermission to take up a role in the dance world intending to return in 2021.
- CertHE in Contemporary Dance 27 students graduated with the Certificate in Higher Education, 16 students were awarded a distinction and 11 a merit.

The pre-vocational Centre for Advance Training for talented children and young people aged 13 to 18, which is run in conjunction with Northern Ballet, continues to flourish and this year the number of places we offered on the scheme was 64 over the three year groups.

The Learning and Participation team continue to provide an extensive range of opportunities for schools, community groups and young people. We are proud of our pioneering investment in widening participation, outreach and other activities which aims to enable as many people as possible, from diverse backgrounds and of all abilities, to engage in dance as audience members and participants.

Our profile in the dance industry and beyond, together with our academic results, is a testament to the high quality of education provided at the School and the skill and dedication of our teaching staff. The education we provide combines technical rigour and discipline with an invitation to our students to become both creative and innovative in their dance practice.

The receipt of the Institute Specific Targeted Allocation from the Higher Education Funding Council, that recognises our world-leading standing, enables the school to invest in an intensive, conservatoire standard education and professional preparation for our students and this has now been extended for a further year to 2020-21.

This investment in our student experience includes providing longer academic terms and higher levels of contact hours per week than university dance degrees. Our extensive enrichment programmes provide access to a variety of industry leading practitioners, visiting artists and choreographers. We provide students with access to the performance spaces and studios for individual rehearsal and development. We provide a wide range of support for student health and wellbeing specifically designed to meet the needs of aspiring dance artists.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

We also run collaborative projects with other member Schools of the Conservatoire of Dance and Drama and Leeds based HE institutions as well as partnering with a number of other dance organisations in the UK, Europe and the wider world. Our career preparation and development, together with our extensive artistic network ensures that graduates are equipped with the necessary skills to obtain employment in a competitive industry.

The Riley Theatre continues to serve the community and wider dance audience, being a creative dynamic hub and performance venue which this year hosted a wide range of performances. These include community programmes and showcases for our Learning and Participation students, our graduation performances and those of our postgraduate dance company VERVE. In addition we hosted a distinctive programme of work by both UK and European choreographers funded by the Arts Council England.

Impact of Coronavirus

Set against the backdrop of Covid-19, the School swiftly acknowledged the need for new protocols and ways of working which were drawn up in accordance with Government guidelines. In March 2020, shortly before the end of the Easter term, the School was closed to students due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Over the Easter break the School's academic staff worked tirelessly to create an online curriculum which was launched immediately after the Easter break.

Our mission has not changed, steps were taken to support colleagues in adapting to work from home, from delivery of IT and office equipment to tailored guidance and advice. The online teaching and assessment created by the School has enabled all of our students to progress to the next year or be awarded a qualification. The School has reopened in September following guidelines on providing a Covid safe dance and teaching environment, there has been minimal impact on new student registrations and returning students and the school has fully planned for the impact of further disruption and lockdown. The School also closed its theatre operation having already completed its NPO performance programme for the year. The School is working on proposals to reopen the theatre in 2021 and is monitoring the relevant advice and guidelines.

Strategic Developments

A new Strategic Plan for 2017-22 was delivered and approved by the Board of Governors in January 2017 and it can be seen on our website. This plan enables us to build on our reputation and success whilst recognising the challenging and uncertain external environment in which the HE sector currently operates. The School continues to monitor and measure its performance against this plan.

In common with other HE institutions, we continue to face changes in the external environment, the key challenge being Brexit with its potential implications for our School. Over 30% of our students and many of our staff come from the EU and beyond helping to create our unique and vibrant culture. We continue to monitor developments and lobby the Government via the Conservatoire of Dance and Drama.

We are pleased to note continuing strong demand for places. In delivering our overseas recruitment strategy, we held additional auditions in Hong Kong and Singapore as well as extending our European locations. We will continue to actively promote, monitor and manage applications to the School both from the UK, Europe and other overseas regions.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

There have been a number of major developments which will impact future years and strengthen our provision of education to degree level and beyond:

- The Conservatoire for Dance and Drama is currently preparing an application for Taught Degree Awarding powers so that degrees may be awarded in house rather than via the University of Kent and expects to make the application in 2021.
- In making the creative case for diversity, the School continues with its mission to widen
 participation and create access routes into dance at all levels. We aim to remove
 barriers to participation for young people who find themselves at a disadvantage due
 to their background, socio economic circumstances, race, sexuality or physicality. We
 are grateful to all our donors for helping to make this possible.
- The School was successful in its application for four year National Portfolio Funding for and was delighted to receive this award from the Arts Council in April 2018. This has enabled us to include additional visiting professional performances into our annual programming, as well as introducing performances for children and family audiences and supporting emerging artists through our Catapult and Northern Connections programmes. It also means we can champion the work of the Children and Young People's Network North.
- The School continues to seek out a solution to the need to expand our present estate
 and upgrade our facilities. We continue to invest in our current facilities maintaining
 and presenting them to the highest standard whilst continuing our search for additional
 space locally. We are now actively pursuing the option of acquiring a further site to
 support expansion plans whilst retaining our existing Chapeltown base.

Financial Review

The School has retained an operating surplus of £335K (2019: surplus £151K). However, a deficit of £977K arose on the West Yorkshire Pension Fund (2019: deficit £440K) and so was debited to reserves via the statement of comprehensive income.

In total, an amount of £646K was deducted from unrestricted reserves (2019: £286K was added) with the year-end balance being £1,863K (2019: £2,509K). Whilst the impact of the pension fund adjustment is substantial, the School remains in a healthy financial position in relation to it's cash position, operating surplus and the balance on reserves.

The income of the School rose by 3.1% from £3,483K to £3,592K primarily due to a rise in tuition fee income. The costs fell by 2.0% from £3,329K to £3,261K, this fall relating primarily to expenditure on refurbishment and roofing work to the buildings in the prior year with no similar project in the current year.

The School's cash balance increased by 5.9% to £4,669K (2019: £4,410K) and it's total reserves, before deduction of the pension fund liability, increased by 13.6% to £4,278K (2019: £3,764K), although net reserves fell to £1,881K from £2,523K.

The School's key financial targets are to achieve an operating surplus of 3% of income (being approximately £100K) and to retain a minimum reserves balance of seven months working capital (being approximately £1,850K), in both cases the targets are exceeded. The reserves balance target being set prior to any pension fund adjustment.

The School has agreed and adopted a reserves policy whereby we retain a minimum of seven months working capital in reserves, which is considered both prudent and good practice in the HE Sector. The reserves policy enables the School to meet on-going commitments and cash-flow needs and also to manage the impact associated with the West Yorkshire Pension Fund, where we need to monitor and manage the volatility in valuations.

STRATEGIC REPORT (continued)

The School does not currently carry any mortgage or commercial lending costs and so expects that any additional surplus funds generated would be set aside to invest in the next phase of expansion or redevelopment of our property requirements.

Restatement of Prior Year

Whilst preparing these accounts the School has identified a prior year adjustment, this relates to the transfer of an employee's prior service into the School's pension fund, the transfer should have taken place in June 2019 but was processed after the accounting year end. The adjustment has no impact on the balance sheet and there is no overall impact on the financial results for the year as this has an equal impact on the assets and liabilities of the pension fund. The adjustment only impacts the disclosures in the Pension Fund Note 20 and a more detailed explanation is given in Note 21.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The School has embedded a system of internal control, which includes financial and operational control and risk management which is designed to protect both the School's assets and reputation.

A risk register is maintained at the School and is reviewed and updated as needed by each Committee throughout the year. The Audit Committee review the risk register and recommend it to the Board. Specific areas of risk are also reviewed in more detail by the Finance Committee and the Academic Board. The risk register identifies the impact of key risks and assesses the likelihood of those risks occurring using a consistent scoring system to assess overall risk. The actions needed to reduce and mitigate those risks are then identified and prioritised by the School.

On behalf of the members of the Corporation on 15 December 2020

Ben Mitchell
Acting Chair of Governors

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Sharon Watson CEO and Principal

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Legal Status

The Corporation was established under the Education Reform Act 1988 for the purpose of conducting The Northern School of Contemporary Dance (NSCD). The powers of a Higher Education Corporation (HEC) are defined in Section 124 of the 1988 Act as amended by the Further and Higher Education (FHE) Act 1992, and subject to any relevant regulations, orders or directions made by the Secretary of State or Privy Council. These powers include the power to provide higher and further education and to carry out research and to publish the results of such research.

The School is a charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 1993, as amended by the Charities Act 2006 and 2011.

The Northern School of Contemporary Dance has been a member of the Conservatoire for Dance and Drama (CDD) since 2003.

Members of the Corporation Governing Body

The members who served on the Corporation's governing body during the year and up to the date of signature of this report were as listed on Page 9.

Mission Statement

Our Vision is to be a world leading centre for dance education and development.

Our Mission is to provide an inspirational learning experience, from our first contact through into the profession, enabling aspiring dance artists and dance professionals, regardless of background, to shape the future of dance.

Our Values:

- The transforming power of dance and arts education, to uplift, inspire, stimulate our emotions and help us create a tolerant and cohesive society.
- Inclusive learning and collaboration in a spirit of mutual respect and generosity.
- Curiosity, self-reflection and open-mindedness.
- Creative risk taking, innovation and investment in on-going artist and art form development.
- Aspiration, self-motivation and dedication in striving for excellence.
- Diversity our differences as well as the things that we have in common, and that diversity inspires creativity and enriches our lives.
- Our relationship to local, regional, national and international communities and the wider dance ecology.
- The nurturing and investment that leads to independence and resilience.
- Using resources in a way that is responsible and environmentally sustainable.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Public Benefit Statement

In shaping our objectives and planning our activities the School has considered the Charity Commission Guidance on public benefit. The School is confident that it fully satisfies the public benefit requirements of the Charity Commission as there is a direct benefit to students from its activities and also benefit to the public at large. The primary public value delivered by the School within the framework of the Conservatoire for Dance and Drama is that it produces world-class alumni who go on to shape the future of the performing arts.

Our commitment to widening access means we invest significant sums in resources to support students and by direct payment of financial support. The School is rigorous in its delivery of training, compassionate in its support for its students and imaginative in its promotion of dance. It provides valued support to the cultural infrastructure and fuels the development of the creative industries, pushing the boundaries of the art forms, developing national capability in new areas, building enterprise and enriching national life with its public performance programming. The future of dance will be shapes by the boldest most innovative artists. Our approach to nurturing talent comes in many forms, not one size fits all. Under new guidance and the changing landscape set against Covid-19, many aspects of university life will look and operate with some difference.

The Riley Theatre and a range of dance studios are open to hire at reduced rates to local community groups and charities as well as our alumni and emerging dance artists. The theatre maintains its status as a National Portfolio Organisation

Employees and Diversity

Discovering and nurturing talent is something the School has done for the last 35 years. We believe that strengthening and facilitating the opportunities from a grass roots level is vitally important and instrumental in sustaining future relationship with the industry.

The School is committed to encouraging and enabling staff to achieve their full potential and aims to ensure that no job applicant, employee or former employee receives less favourable treatment on the grounds of age, carer responsibilities, disabilities, class, marital or civil partnership status, gender identity, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation, or any other category where discrimination cannot be reasonably justified.

Employee Involvement

It is the School's policy to communicate with and involve all employees, subject to commercial and practical limitation, in matters affecting their interests at work and to inform them of the School's performance. Employees are provided with information about the School, which is supplemented by regular team briefings and staff forums as well as its website, intranet and internal email. It is as important we remain ready to respond to the needs of the sector. This role becomes the responsibility of all who engage with the School in the various forms of employment offered by the school. We invest significant resources, time and expertise to create the best conditions for learning and teaching.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor's

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, as far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the School's Auditor's are unaware; and each member has taken steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information that the School's Auditor's are aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Going concern

The School's activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are set out in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report which forms part of the Financial Statements. The Strategic Report also describes the financial position of the Institution, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Board of Governors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The School has prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. After reviewing these forecasts the Board of Governors is of the opinion that, taking account of severe but plausible downsides, including the anticipated impact of Covid19 the School will have sufficient funds to meet their liabilities as they fall due over the period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements (the going concern assessment period). In conducting the assessment the School has considered the following matters:

- The School has, at the year end, a cash balance which represents in excess of twelve months operating cash expenditure.
- The School retains Reserves (before the deduction of the long term pension liability) of in excess of twelve months of operating cash expenditure.
- The School does not have any secured lending facilities in place but has property and other assets which are not subject to any charges over them.
- The School has prepared forecasts for the going concern period based on the number of students registered at the start of the academic year and addressing a number of potential outcomes for the year all of which indicate that the School will continue to remain a going concern.

Consequently, the Board of Governors is confident that the School will have sufficient funds to continue to meet their liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

On behalf of the members of the Corporation on 15 December 2020

Ben Mitchell

Acting Chair of Governors

Sharon Watson CEO and Principal

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PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

External Auditor's KPMG LLP, 1, Sovereign Square, Sovereign St, Leeds LS1 4DA

Internal auditor KCG, c/o Kingston University, KH1010 Kenry House, Kingston Hill, Kingston on Thames, Surrey KT2 7LB

Bankers HSBC Bank plc, 108 Harrogate Road, Leeds, LS7 4NU

Barclays Bank plc, Commercial Street, Leicester, LE87 2BB

Solicitors Eversheds LLP, Bridgewater Place, Water Lane, Leeds, LS11 5DR

Wrigleys Solicitors LLP, 19 Cookridge Street, Leeds, LS2 3AG

MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION

The members who served on the Corporation during the year and up to the date of signature of this report were as listed in the table below:

	Date of Appointment	Term of Office	Until	Status of Appointment	Committees Served
Mr Mark Baker	21/07/2016	4 years	20/07/2020	Staff member	
Ms Pam Bone	11/07/2013 Re-appointed 11/07/2017	4 years	10/07/2021	Independent member	Member: Finance
Mr David Braham	20/10/2016	4 years	19/10/2020	Independent member	
Mr Brian Brodie	10/07/2018	4 years	27/11/2020	Independent member	Chair: Board of Governors Chair: Nominations
Ms Kayleigh Brooks	22/10/2019	4 years	21/10/2023	Independent member	
Mrs Kate Buckham	17/10/2017	4 years	16/10/2021	Independent member	Member: Audit
Mr Gary Clarke	16/01/2018	4 years	15/01/2022	Independent member	
Ms Tamsin Cooper	16/10/2014 Re-appointed 16/10/2018	4 years	15/10/2022	Independent member	Chair: Remuneration Member: Nominations
Miss Tina Gill	12/03/2019	4 years	11/03/2023	Independent member	Member: Finance
Mrs Vinny Leach	12/03/2019	4 years	11/03/2023	Independent member	Member: Audit
Ms Sarah McCann	11/02/2020	4 years	10/02/2024	Student member	
Mr Ben Mitchell	01/09/2016 Re-appointed 01/09/2020	4 years	31/08/2024	Independent member	Vice Chair – Board of Governors Chair: Finance Member: Nominations
Professor Peter Moizer	12/03/2019	4 years	11/03/2023	Independent member	Chair: Audit
Mr Phil Sanger	22/10/2019	4 years	21/10/2023	Staff member	
Ms Janet Smith	13/02/2012		10/05/2020	Principal	Member: Finance, Nominations
Ms Peri Thomas	17/10/2017	4 years	16/10/2021	Independent member	Member: Finance
Ms Sharon Watson	11/05/2020		Y The state of the	Principal	Member: Finance, Nominations
Ms Sara Wookey	17/10/2017	4 years	16/10/2021	Independent member	

On behalf of the Governing Body

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Joan Matthews Clerk to Governors

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The School is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance.

The School aims to conduct its business in accordance with the principles identified in the Committee on Standards in Public Life (Nolan Committee) and the Committee of University Chairs (CUC) Higher Education Code of Governance (the Code).

The School is aware of and meets its obligation under its Financial Memorandum with the Conservatoire for Dance and Drama.

Throughout the year ended 31 July 2020, the School has been in compliance with all the provisions set out in Section 1 of the UK Corporate Governance Code issued by the London Stock Exchange in September 2012, in so far as they relate to higher education.

The Board of Governors formally reviews its effectiveness in line with the Code's recommendation that reviews take place every four years.

Corporate Governance Structure

The School's Board of Governors comprises of lay members, students, and employees appointed under the statutes of the School, the majority of whom are non-executive. The roles of Chair and Vice-Chair of the Board of Governors are separated from the role of the School's chief executive, the Principal. The matters specially reserved to the Board of Governors for decision are set out in the statutes of the School. The Board of Governors holds to itself the responsibilities for the on-going strategic direction of the School, approval of major developments and the receipt of regular reports from the executive officers on the day-to-day operations of its business.

The Board of Governors meets at least once per term in line with a fixed cycle of meetings and also holds exceptional meetings and working groups as required. The Board of Governors met four times during 2019/20. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Corporation are available on the website at http://www.nscd.ac.uk/about/governance/ or from the Clerk to the Governors at:

Northern School of Contemporary Dance 98 Chapeltown Road, Leeds, LS7 4BH

The Clerk to the Governors maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the governors. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

All governors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the School's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Governors, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Corporation as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to meetings. Briefings are also provided on an ad-hoc basis.

The Corporation has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision-making process. The Corporation considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair and Principal are separate.

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE (continued)

Committee Structure

The Board has four committees established - Audit, Remuneration, Nominations and Governance, and Finance. All of the committees are formally constituted with terms of reference and comprise mainly of lay members of the Board of Governors, one of whom is the Chair.

The Board of Governors has designated one of its members as lead governor for safeguarding and prevent.

The Audit Committee

The Audit Committee considers detailed reports together with recommendations for the improvement of the School's systems of internal control and management's responses and implementation plans. It also receives and considers reports from the Conservatoire and the Office for Students as they affect the School's business and monitors adherence to the regulatory requirements. The Committee oversees the School's risk management process on behalf of the Board of Governors. Whilst senior executives attend meetings of the Audit Committee as necessary, they are not members of the committee.

The Audit Committee met three times during 2019/20 and met with the School's external and internal auditor in attendance.

The Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee determines the remuneration of senior post holders, including the Principal and makes recommendations to the Board of Governors regarding the remuneration of all other staff. The Remuneration Committee met once during 2019/20.

Pay awards are determined by taking into consideration the policies of the School, pay across the sector and appropriate inflationary rises.

The Nominations and Governance Committee

The Nominations and Governance Committee considers nominations for filling vacancies in the Board of Governors' membership under the School's Instrument of Government and makes recommendations to the Board of Governors. In July 2020 the Board expanded the remit of the Committee to include governance matters.

The Nominations and Governance Committee met once during 2019/20.

The Finance Committee

As well as monitoring and reviewing the financial performance of the School the Finance Committee considers all matters of financial strategy and policy and makes recommendations to the Board of Governors as appropriate.

The Finance Committee met four times during 2019/20.

Appointments to the Corporation

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Any new appointments to the Corporation are a matter for consideration of the Corporation as a whole. The Corporation is responsible for ensuring that appropriate induction and on-going development is provided as required. Members of the Corporation are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years.

Sharon Watson CEO and Principal

STATEMENT OF BOARD OF GOVERNORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Governors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Office for Students' Terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions and Research England's Terms and conditions of Research England grant and applicable law and regulations.

They are required to prepare School financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The terms and conditions of funding further require the financial statements to be prepared in accordance with the 2019 Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education, in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students. The Board of Governors are required to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the School and of their income and expenditure, gains and losses and changes in reserves for that period.

In preparing each of the School financial statements, the Board of Governors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the School's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the School
 or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Governors is responsible for keeping proper accounts and proper records in relation to the accounts. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the School and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board of Governors are also responsible for ensuring that:

- funds from whatever source administered by the School for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation;
- funds provided by the Office for Students and Research England have been applied in accordance with the Memorandum of Assurance and Accountability and any other terms and conditions attached to them
- ensuring that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources; and
- securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the School's resources and expenditure.

The Board of Governors is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the School's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

The system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss or of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify the principle risks to the achievement of policies, aims and objectives; to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. This process has been in operation for the whole of the period for the year ended 31 July 2020. The system that monitors risk and controls has been embedded into the committee structure and the leadership team for the whole of the year.

It is the Corporation's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct. The Corporation is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the School, together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel-related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues.

Scope of responsibility

The Corporation is ultimately responsible for the School's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The Corporation has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the School's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which she is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between the Northern School of Contemporary Dance and the Conservatoire for Dance and Drama. The Principal is also responsible for reporting to the Corporation any material weakness and breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of School policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood and the impact of those risks being realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the Northern School of Contemporary Dance for the year ended 31 July 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Corporation has reviewed the key risks to which the School is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Corporation is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the School's significant risks that has been in place for the period ending 31 July 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. The process is regularly reviewed by the Corporation.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget which is reviewed and agreed by the governing body;
- regular reviews and updates of a rolling five-year financial plan;
- regular reviews by the governing body of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- · clearly defined capital investment control guidelines;
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

The School has an internal audit service provided through the Conservatoire for Dance and Drama (CDD), the same internal auditor visits each constituent school of the CDD. The work of the internal audit service is informed by reviewing key areas of risk, control and governance. The internal auditor provides regular reports to the Audit Committee.

Review of effectiveness of the System of Internal Control

The Board of Governors has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The following processes have been established:

- Meet at regular intervals (at least once every term, extending to four over a full year) to consider the plans and strategic direction of the institution;
- Receive periodic reports from the Chair of the Audit Committee concerning internal control, and regular reports from managers on the steps they are taking to manage risks in their areas of responsibility, including progress reports on key projects;
- The Audit Committee provides oversight of the risk management process.

The Audit Committee receives regular reports from the internal auditor which includes their independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the institution's system of internal control, together with recommendations for improvement.

A system of key performance and risk indicators has been developed and an organisation-wide risk register is maintained in conjunction with the risk policy.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF NORTHERN SCHOOL OF CONTEMPORARY DANCE

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Northern School of Contemporary Dance ("the School") for the year ended 31 July 2020 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure, statement of changes in reserves, balance sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the School's affairs as at 31 July 2020, and of the School's income and expenditure, gains and losses and changes in reserves, and of the School's cash flows, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, and with the 2019 Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education; and
- meet the requirements of the Accounts Direction dated 25 October 2019 issued by the Office for Students.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the School in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

Going concern

The Board of Governors has prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the School or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the School's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the Board of Governors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the School's business model, and analysed how those risks might affect the School's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the absence of reference to a material uncertainty in this auditor's report is not a guarantee that the School will continue in operation.

Other information

The Board of Governors is responsible for the other information, which comprises the Strategic Report, Director's Report, Members of the Corporation and Corporate Governance Statement. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work, we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF NORTHERN SCHOOL OF CONTEMPORARY DANCE (continued)

Board of Governors responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 14, the Board of Governors is responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the School or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.1

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

We are required to report on the following matters by the Accounts Direction dated 25 October 2019 issued by the Office for Students ('the Accounts Direction').

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- funds from whatever source administered by the School for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and managed in accordance with relevant legislation; and
- funds provided by the Office for Students, UK Research and Innovation (including Research England), the Education and Skills Funding Agency and the Department for Education have been applied in accordance with the relevant terms and conditions.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We are required by the Accounts Direction to report to you where the School has an access and participation plan that has been approved by the Office for Students' director of fair access and participation and the results of our audit work indicate that the School's expenditure on access and participation activities for the financial year disclosed in Note 7 has been materially misstated.

We are also required by the Accounts Direction to report to you where the results of our audit work indicate that the School's grant and fee income, as disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements has been materially misstated.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF NORTHERN SCHOOL OF CONTEMPORARY DANCE (continued)

THE PURPOSE OF OUR AUDIT WORK AND TO WHOM WE OWE OUR RESPONSIBILITIES

This report is made solely to the Board of Governors, in accordance with the School's Articles of Government and section 124B of the Education Reform Act 1988. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Board of Governors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the School and the Board of Governors for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Rashpal Khangura

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor 1 Sovereign Square Sovereign Street LEEDS LS1 4DA

16 December 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

Year Ended 31 July 2020

	Notes	Year ended 31 July 2020	Year ended 31 July 2019
	110100	£'000	£'000
Income			
Tuition fees and education contracts	2	2,458	2,172
Funding body grants	3	929	1,138
Other income	4	181	150
Investment income	5	24	23
Total income before endowments and donations	-	3,592	3,483
Donations and endowments	13	4	(3)
Total income		3,596	3,480
Expenditure			
Staff costs	6	2,063	1,935
Other operating expenses	7	1,115	1,311
Depreciation	9	83	83
Total expenditure	_	3,261	3,329
© 15 50 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	-	•	
Surplus / (Deficit) before tax	-	335	151
Taxation	8	-	-
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	_	335	151
Actuarial (loss)/gain in respect of pension schemes	20	(977)	(440)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(642)	(289)
Represented by:		(a)	(0)
Endowment comprehensive income for the year Unrestricted comprehensive income for the year		(646)	(3)
office the search of the searc	-		(286)
		(642)	(289)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES

Year ended 31 July 2020

Northern School of Contemporary Dance	Income and exi	penditure account	
continue to the second beauty and	Endowment	Unrestricted	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 1 August 2018	17	2,795	2,812
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	(3)	154	151
Other comprehensive income	ш	(440)	(440)
Balance at 31 July 2019	14	2,509	2,523
Balance at 1 August 2019	14	2,509	2,523
Surplus/(deficit) from the income and expenditure statement	4	331	335
Other comprehensive income	-	(977)	(977)
Balance at 31 July 2020	18	1,863	1,881

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 July 2020

		As at 31 July	As at 31 July
		2020	2019
N	Notes	£'000	£'000
Non-current assets Fixed assets	9 _	1,117	1,140
	-	1,117	1,140
Current assets Stock		3	1
Trade and other receivables	10	41	57
Cash and cash equivalents	14 _	4,669	4,410
		4,713	4,468
Less: Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(795)	(1,041)
Net current (liabilities)/assets	0.—	3,918	3,427
Total assets less current liabilities	-	5,035	4,567
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	12	(757)	(803)
Provisions Pension provisions	20	(2,397)	(1,241)
Total net assets	-	1,881	2,523
Unrestricted Reserves			
Income and expenditure reserve - endowment reserve	13	18	14
Income and expenditure reserve – unrestricted		1,863	2,509
Total Reserves	-	1,881	2,523

The financial statements were approved by the Governing Body on 15 December 2020 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

Ben Mitchell

Acting Chair of Governors

Sharon Watson CEO and Principal

SMNatar

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 July 2020

	Notes	Year ended 31 July 2020	Year ended 31 July 2019
	140163	£'000	£'000
Cash flow from operating activities Surplus for the year Adjustment for non-cash items		335	151
Depreciation	9	83	83
Decrease/(increase) in stock		(2)	0
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	10	16	(23)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	11	(292)	61
Pension costs less contributions payable Adjustment for investing or financing activities	21	179	171
Capital grant receipts		(15)	(16)
Investment income	5	(24)	(23)
Endowment income	13	(10)	(5)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		270	399
Cash flows from investing activities Capital grant receipts		15	16
Investment income	5	24	23
Payments made to acquire fixed assets	9	(60)	(17)
		(21)	22
Cash flows from financing activities Endowment cash received	13	10	5
Endownion dustrictoried	10	10	5
		10	
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents in the	4.4	g comerc	
year	14	259	426
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	14	4,410	3,984
Cash and Cash Equivalents at end of the year	14	4,669	4,410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): Accounting for Further and Higher Education (2019 edition). They have also been prepared in accordance with the 'carried forward' powers and duties of previous legislation (Further and Higher Education Act 1992 and the Higher Education Act 2004) and the new powers of the Higher Education and Research Act 2017 during the transition period to 31 July 2019, the Accounts Direction issued by the Office for Students (OfS), the Terms and conditions of funding for higher education institutions issued by the Office for Students and the Terms and conditions of Research England Grant.

The University is a public benefit entity and therefore has applied the relevant public benefit requirement of the applicable UK laws and accounting standards.

Going concern

The School's activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position, are set out in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report which forms part of the Financial Statements. The Strategic Report also describes the financial position of the Institution, its cash flows, liquidity position and borrowing facilities.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which the Board of Governors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

The School has prepared cash flow forecasts for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements. After reviewing these forecasts the Board of Governors is of the opinion that, taking account of severe but plausible downsides, including the anticipated impact of Covid19 the School will have sufficient funds to meet it's liabilities as they fall due over the period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements (the going concern assessment period). In conducting the assessment the School has considered the following matters:

- The School has, at the year end, a cash balance which represents in excess of twelve months operating cash expenditure.
- The School does not have any secured lending facilities in place but has property and other assets which are not subject to any charges over them.
- The School has prepared forecasts for the going concern period based on the number of students registered at the start of the academic year and addressing a number of potential outcomes for the year all of which indicate that the School will continue to remain a going concern.

Consequently, the Board of Governors is confident that the School will have sufficient funds to continue to meet their liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

Income Recognition

Income from the sale of goods or services is credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income and Expenditure when the goods or services are supplied to the external customers or the terms of the contract have been satisfied.

Fee income is stated gross of any expenditure which is not a discount and credited to the Statement of Income and Expenditure over the period in which the students are studying. Where the amount of the tuition fee is reduces, by a discount for prompt payment, income receivable is shown net of the discount. Bursaries and scholarships are accounted for gross as expenditure is not deducted from income.

Investment income is credited to the Statement of Income and Expenditure on a receivable basis.

The funds that the School receives as a paying agent on behalf of funding bodies are excluded from income and expenditure as we incur minimal risk and derive minimal economic benefit related to the transaction.

Grant Funding

Government revenue grants including funding council block grant and research grants are recognised in income over the periods in which the School recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Where part of a government grant is deferred it is recognised as deferred income within creditors and allocated between creditors due with one year and after one year as appropriate.

Grants (including research grants) from non-government sources are recognised in income when the School is entitled to the income and performance related conditions have been met. Income received in advance of performance relate conditions being met is recognised as deferred income within creditors on the balance sheet and released to income as the conditions are met.

Donations and Endowments

Donations and endowments with donor imposed restrictions are recognised in income when the School is entitled to the funds. Income is retained within a restricted reserves until such a time that it is utilised in line with such restrictions at which point the income is released to general reserves through a reserves transfer. Donations with no restrictions are recognised in income when the School is entitled to the funds.

Capital Grants

Government capital grants are recognised in income over the expected useful life of the asset. Other capital grants are recognised in income when then School is entitled to the funds, subject to any performance related conditions being met.

Accounting for Retirement Benefits

The School offers two defined benefit schemes. Retirement benefits to employees of the School are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS).

Under these defined benefit plans the School's obligation is to provide the agreed benefits to current and former employees, and the actuarial risk and investment risk are borne, in substance, by the School. The School therefore recognises a liability for its obligations under defined benefit plans net of plan assets.

Contributions to the TPS scheme are charged to the income and expenditure account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the School in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll values. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of quinquennial valuations using a prospective benefit method.

The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing market values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The increase in the present value of the liabilities of the scheme expected to arise from employee service in the period is charged to the operating surplus. The expected return on the scheme's assets and the increase during the period in the present value of the scheme's liabilities, arising from the passage of time, are included in pension finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Further details of the pension schemes are given in Note 20.

Employee Benefits

Short term benefits such as salaries and compensated absences are recognised as an expense in the year in which employees render service to the School. Any unused benefits are accrued and measured as the additional amount the School expects to pay as a result of unused entitlement.

Tangible Fixed Assets

· Land and buildings

Land and buildings inherited from the Local Education Authority and acquired since incorporation are stated in the balance sheet at cost. Freehold land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Freehold buildings are depreciated over the expected useful economic life of 40 years.

Where buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred capital grant account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

Equipment

Equipment costing less than £500 (2019: £500) per individual items in aggregate is written off to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost.

Inherited equipment has been identified and is depreciated on a straight line basis over its remaining useful economic life to the School calculated on an individual basis. All other equipment is depreciated over its useful economic life as follows:

General office furniture 5 years
Office plant and equipment 5 years
Computer equipment 3 years

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the related grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

Leased Assets

The School leases the basement of the Holy Rosary church which is used as a dance studio. Expenditure on operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Taxation

The School is an exempt charity so benefits by being broadly exempt from Corporation tax on income it receives from tuition fees, interest and rents.

The School is exempted from levying VAT on most of the services it provides to students. For this reason the School is generally unable to recover input VAT it suffers on goods and services purchased.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the School has a present (legal or constructive) obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

2. TUITION FEES AND EDUCATION CONTRACTS

	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2019 £'000
EDUCATION CONTRACTS		_
Local education authority	0	0
Other Education Contracts	190	215
TUITION FEES, CHARGES AND SUPPORT GRANTS Full time student fees: Home and other European Union Non-European Union Further Education - Home and other European Union Further Education - Non European Union	1,712 556 0 0	1,582 372 3 0
·	2,458	2,172

3. FUNDING BODY GRANTS

rotal grant and loo moonie	0,007	3,010
Total grant and fee income	3,387	3,310
Fee income for non-qualifying courses (exclusive of VAT)	54	75
Fee income for research awards (exclusive of VAT)	0	0
Fee income for taught awards (exclusive of VAT)	2,268	1,957
Grant income from other bodies	469	603
Grant income from the OfS	596	675
Grant and Fee Income The source of grant and fee income, included in notes 2-3 is as follows		
:	929	1,138
	-	
Deferred capital grant released during the year:	33	40
HEFCE other grants Arts Council England grants	91 190	207 157
Specific grants	01	207
EFA/ SFA recurrent grant – FE provision	38	97
Recurrent grant OfS/ HEFCE recurrent grant	577	637

4. OTHER INCOME

35	35
146	115
181	150
	146

5. INVESTMENT INCOME

Investment income

	-	24 23
6. STAFF COSTS		
	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Staff costs: Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,568 123 372 2,063	1,486 117 332 1,935
Average full time equivalent staff numbers by category: Academic Management and Specialist Other	No 27.0 15.2 4.6 46.8	No 27.0 15.1 3.1 45.2
Senior Post Holders Emoluments of the Principal:		
Janet Smith (to 15 May 2020)		
Salary Pension Contribution	£64,96 £13,78	
	£78,74	9 £82,574
Sharon Watson (from 11 May 2020)		
Salary Pension Contribution	£15,70 £3,71	
	£19,42	<u>4</u> <u>£-</u>
Pay Ratios		
Janet Smith (to 15 May 2020)		
Principal Basic Salary Ratio	2.43	2.16
Principal Total Ratio Remuneration Ratio	2.41	2.30
Sharon Watson (from 11 May 2020)		
Principal Basic Salary Ratio	2.00	2
Principal Total Ratio Remuneration Ratio	2.03	~

24

23

6. STAFF COSTS (continued)

The salary of the Principal was set by the Remuneration Committee and this salary was determined in line with the methodology used for the rest of the School's employees.

No compensation for loss of office was paid to senior post holders during the year (2019 £nil)

Key Management Personnel

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the School. Staff costs includes compensation paid to key management personnel.

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 July 2020	31 July 2019
	£'000	£'000
Key Management Personnel compensation	222	204

Access and Participation

	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000
Access Investment	101
Financial Support	0
Disability Support	36
Research and Evaluation	2
	139

Members of the Corporation

During the year, there were no transactions with members of the Corporation or organisations in which the members of the Corporation had an interest (2019 £nil).

The members of the Corporation did not receive any remuneration from the School during the year (2019 £nil).

Total expenses paid on behalf of the 18 members of the Corporation was £525 (2019 £1,444).

7. ANALYSIS OF TOTAL EXPENDITURE BY ACTIVITY

	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Teaching departments Teaching support services Other support services Administration and central support services General education services Premises costs Planned maintenance	60 232 67 181 179 258 22	126 179 43 194 167 271 250
Pension finance costs Other income-generating activities	26 90	17 64
	1,115	1,311
Other operating expenses include:		
Auditor's remuneration - internal audit - external audit - other services from either external or internal audit (Gains)/losses on disposal of tangible fixed assets Operating lease expenses	0 12 2 0 11	0 12 2 0 11
Access Investment Financial Support Disability Support Research and Evaluation	101 117 43 2 263	

£139K of these costs are already included in the overall staff cost figures included in Note 6.

The School is a member of the Conservatoire of Dance and Drama who oversee the Access and Participation Plan on behalf of the member Schools. A link to the published plan is here: http://www.cdd.ac.uk/policies/student-related-policies/

8. TAXATION

The members of the Corporation do not believe the School was liable for any Corporation tax arising out of its activities during the year.

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold Land and Buildings	Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost or valuation At 1 August 2019 Additions Disposals At 31 July 2020	2,035 28 0 2,063	1,080 32 0 1,112	3,115 60 0 3,175
Depreciation At 1 August 2019 Charge for year Eliminated in respect of disposals At 31 July 2020	957 50 0 1,007	1,018 33 0 1,051	1,975 83 0 2,058
Net book value at 31 July 2020	1,056	61	1,117
Net book value at 31 July 2019	1,078	62	1,140
Inherited Financed by Funding Council capital grants Financed from own resources Financed by other capital grants	40 173 208 635 1,056	0 35 26 0 61	40 208 234 635 1,117

Freehold land and buildings included £40K (2019- £40K) in respect of freehold land which is not depreciated.

Other tangible fixed assets inherited from the Local Education Authority at incorporation have been valued by the Corporation on a depreciated replacement cost basis with the assistance of independent professional advice.

Buildings with a net book value of £71,224 (2019: £75,220) and a cost of £158,956 (2019: £158,956) have been funded from Treasury sources: should these particular buildings be sold, the School would either have to surrender the proceeds to the Treasury or use them in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the Higher Education Funding Council for England.

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year		
Other trade receivables	6	22
Other receivables	8	8
Prepayments and accrued income	27	27
	41	57

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	795	1,041
Other creditors	52	60
Deferred income	318	373
Accruals	288	429
Other payables	12	10
Social security and other taxation payable	63	51
Trade payables	62	118

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER ONE YEAR

Other creditors	757	803
	757	803
		

13. ENDOWMENT RESERVES

	Unrestricted 2020 £'000	Unrestricted 2019 £'000
At 1 August 2019	14	17
New endowments Expenditure for the year related to endowment balances	10 (6)	3 (6)
At 31 July 2020	18	14
Balance represented by: Cash at bank held for endowments	18	14
At 31 July 2020	18	14

14. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	At 1 August 2019 £'000	Cash flows £'000	At 31 July 2020 £'000
Cash at bank and in hand	4,410	259	4,669
Total	4,410	259	4,669

15. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no significant post balance sheet events.

16. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

	Year Ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year Ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Commitments contracted for at 31 July 2020	337	0
Authorised but not contracted for at 31 July 2020	0	0

17. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Total rentals payable under operating leases: Land and buildings	Year Ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year Ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Payable during the year	11	11
Future minimum lease payments due: Not later than one year Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years Later than 5 years	0 27 0	0 38 0
Total lease payments due	27	38

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Janet Smith, a member of the Corporation during the year, was on the Board of the Leeds Dance Partnership (LDP). During the year the School paid the LDP a membership contribution of £5,000 and also received £33,498 from LDP to support the school's ACE NPO projects and £7,000 to fund a student scholarship. Kate Buckham, a member of the Corporation, is a partner at Wrigleys Solicitors. During the year the School paid Wrigleys £5,663 for legal advice at standard client rates. Gary Clarke, a member of the Corporation, was paid £5,300 to produce Choreographic Commissions for the school. Pam Bone, a member of the Corporation, is a Board member of Mobius Dance. During the year, the school paid Mobius Dance £874 to provide student support. Kayleigh Brooks, a member of the Corporation, is an Elected Member of Leeds City Council. During the year the school paid Leeds City Council £12,218 in relation to business rates and entertainment licences. All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Corporation may have an interest are conducted at arms-length and in accordance with the School's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

The School has been a member of the Conservatoire of Dance and Drama (CDD) since 2003, through which it receives both Tuition Fees and other Grants from the Office for Students.

19. ACCESS FUNDS

	Year ended 31 July 2020 £'000	Year ended 31 July 2019 £'000
Funding Council grants	0	36
Disbursed to students	0	(36)
Audit fees	0	Ó
Balance unspent at 31 July 2020	0	0

Funding Council grants are available solely for students: the School acts only as paying agent. The grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the Income and Expenditure account.

20. PENSION SCHEMES

The School's employees belong to two principal post-employment benefit plans: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the West Yorkshire Pension Fund (WYPF) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Aon Hewitt. Both are multi-employer defined-benefit plans.

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest formal actuarial valuation of the TPS was 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2019.

Total pension cost for the year	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Teachers' Pension Scheme: contributions paid	196	153
Local Government Pension Scheme:	123	118
Total Pension Cost for Year within staff costs	319	271

Contributions amounting to £Nil (2019 £Nil) were payable to the schemes at 31st July and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS)

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2010, and, from 1 April 2014, by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. These regulations apply to teachers in schools and other educational establishments, including academies, in England and Wales that are maintained by local authorities. In addition, teachers in many independent and voluntary-aided schools and teachers and lecturers in some establishments of further and higher education may be eligible for membership. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers and lecturers and, from 1 January 2007, automatic too for teachers and lecturers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract. Teachers and lecturers are able to opt out of the TPS.

The Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account

Although members may be employed by various bodies, their retirement and other pension benefits are set out in regulations made under the Superannuation Act 1972 and are paid by public funds provided by Parliament. The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis – these contributions, along with those made by employers, are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the above Act. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

The Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2010 require an annual account, the Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account, to be kept of receipts and expenditure (including the cost of pension increases). From 1 April 2001, the Account has been credited with a real rate of return, which is equivalent to assuming that the balance in the Account is invested in notional investments that produce that real rate of return.

20. PENSION SCHEMES (continued)

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The latest actuarial review of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016 and in accordance with The Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education (the Department) on 10 April 2019. The key results of the valuation are:

- New employer contribution rates were set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including administration fees of 0.08%):
- total scheme liabilities for service to the effective date of £218.1 billion, and notional assets of £196.1 billion, giving a notional past service deficit of £22.0 billion;
- an employer cost cap of 7.3% of pensionable pay.

The new employer contribution rate for the TPS was implemented in September 2019.

A full copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation can be found on the Teachers' Pension Scheme website at the following location:

https://www.teacherspensions.co.uk/news/employers/2019/04/teachers-pensions-valuation-report.aspx

Scheme Changes

Following the Hutton report in March 2011 and the subsequent consultations with trade unions and other representative bodies on reform of the TPS, the Department published a Proposed Final Agreement, setting out the design for a reformed TPS to be implemented from 1 April 2015.

The key provisions of the reformed scheme include: a pension based on career average earnings; an accrual rate of 1/57th; and a Normal Pension Age equal to State Pension Age, but with options to enable members to retire earlier or later than their Normal Pension Age. Importantly, pension benefits built up before 1 April 2015 will be fully protected.

In addition, the Proposed Final Agreement includes a Government commitment that those within 10 years of Normal Pension Age on 1 April 2012 will see no change to the age at which they can retire, and no decrease in the amount of pension they receive when they retire. There will also be further transitional protection, tapered over a three and a half year period, for people who would fall up to three and a half years outside of the 10 year protection.

Regulations giving effect to a reformed Teachers' Pension Scheme came into force on 1 April 2014 and the reformed scheme commenced on 1 April 2015.

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £143,000 (2019: £102,000).

FRS 102 (28)

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102 (28.11), the TPS is a multi-employer pension plan. The School is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the plan.

Accordingly, the School has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution plan. The School has set out above the information available on the plan and the implications for the school in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

20. PENSION SCHEMES (continued)

West Yorkshire Pension Scheme (WYPS)

The WYPF is a funded defined-benefit pension, with assets held in separate trustee administered funds. The agreed contribution rates for 2019/20 are 13.00% for employers and range from 5.50% to 12.50% for employees (based on salary bands).

The following information is based upon a full actuarial valuation of the fund at 31 March 2004 updated as at 31 July each year up to 31 July 2020 by a qualified, independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	31 July 2020	31 July 2019
CPI Inflation	2.20%	2.20%
Rate of increase in salaries	3.45%	3.45%
Rate of increase in pensions	2.20%	2.20%
Rate of increase to deferred pensions	2.20%	2.20%
Rate of revaluation of pension accounts	2.20%	2.20%
Discount rate for liabilities	1.40%	2.20%

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement at 65 are:

Retiring today	31 July 2020	31 July 2019
Males	21.8	22.2
Females	24.6	25.4
Retiring in 20 years		
Males	22.5	23.2
Females	25.7	27.2

The following amounts have been recognised in the performance statements in the year to 31 July 2020 under the requirements of FRS102:

Amounts included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income Statement in respect of the plan are:

Current service cost Past service cost Interest on net defined benefit liability	2020 £'000 245 0 26	2019 £'000 184 50
Pension expense recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income	271	251
Amounts recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		
Asset gains arising during the period Liability losses arising during the period	2020 £'000 (28) (949)	2019 £'000 130 (570)
(Deficit) / surplus in the scheme	(977)	(440)

20. PENSION SCHEMES (continued)

Movement in net defined benefit liability in the year:

	2020	2019 Restated
	£'000	£'000
School's estimated asset share	2,653	2,732
Present value of scheme liabilities	(5,050)	(3,973)
(Deficit) / surplus in the scheme	(2,397)	(1,241)
	2020	2019
	£'000	£'000
Net defined benefit liability in scheme at 1 August Movement in year:	(1,241)	(630)
Current service charge	(245)	(184)
Contributions	92	80
Exceptional pensions past service credit	0	(50)
Net interest/return on assets	(26)	(17)
Actuarial gain or (loss)	(977)	(440)
Net defined benefit liability at 31 July	(2,397)	(1,241)
Asset and liability reconciliation		
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations		
	2020	2019
		Restated
	£'000	£'000
Defined benefit obligations at the start of the period	3,973	2,908
Service cost	245	184
Interest cost	83	82
Employee contributions	47	43
Prior year employee transfers in		164
Actuarial (gains)/loss	785	570
Past service cost	0	50
Benefits paid	(83)	(28)
	33 (35)	
Liabilities at end of period	5,050	3,973
Changes in fair value of plan assets		
	2020	2019
		Restated
	£'000	£'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	2,732	2,278
Expected return on assets	57	65
Actuarial gain/(loss)	(192)	130
Prior year employee transfers in	and the state of t	164
Employer contributions	92	80
Employee contributions	47	43
Benefits paid	(83)	(28)
Assets at end of period	2,653	2,732

21. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Whilst preparing these accounts the School has identified a prior year adjustment, this relates to the transfer of an employee's prior service into the School's pension fund, the transfer should have taken place in June 2019 but was processed after the accounting year end. The adjustment has no impact on the balance sheet and there is no overall impact on the financial results for the year as this has an equal impact on the assets and liabilities of the pension fund. The adjustment only impacts on the disclosures in the Pension Fund Note 20 and the detail below identifies the changes.

	2019	2019
	Original	Restated
	£,000	£'000
School's estimated asset share	2,568	2,732
Present value of scheme liabilities	(3,809)	(3,973)
(Deficit) / surplus in the scheme	(1,241)	(1,241)

Asset and liability reconciliation

Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations

Defined benefit obligations at the start of the period	2019 Original £'000 2,908	2019 Restated £'000 2,908
Service cost	184	184
Interest cost	82	82
Employee contributions	43	43
Prior year employee transfers in		164
Actuarial (gains)/loss	570	570
Past service cost	50	50
Benefits paid	(28)	(28)
Liabilities at end of period	3,809	3,973

Changes in fair value of plan assets

Fair value of plan assets at start of period	2019 Original £'000 2,278	2019 Restated £'000 2,278
Expected return on assets Actuarial gain/(loss)	65 130	65 130
Prior year employee transfers in	100	164
Employer contributions	80	80
Employee contributions	43	43
Benefits paid	(28)	(28)
Assets at end of period	2,568	2,732

22. JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In preparing these financial statements, management have made the following judgements:

- Determine whether leases entered into by the School either as a lessor or a lessee are
 operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment of whether the risks
 and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by
 lease basis.
- Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the School's tangible assets. Factors
 taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and
 expected future financial performance of the asset and where it is a component of a larger
 cash-generating unit, the viability and expected future performance of that unit.

Other key sources of estimation uncertainty

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate.

West Yorkshire Pension Fund

Asset values are reported using estimated asset allocations prepared by the scheme Actuary. This asset value is calculated at each triennial valuation, the last one being at 31 March 2019. Thereafter it is rolled forward for accounting valuation purposes using investment returns, contributions received, and benefits paid out. During each annual reporting period between triennial valuations asset returns are estimated using eleven months of market experience and one month of extrapolation being assumed. A comparison between the estimated figure used in the scheme actuary's report for the month of July 2020 and the actual asset value of the Fund as at 31 July 2020 showed the actual figure was around 0.7% lower, representing a reduction in the fair value of assets at 31 July 2020 of approximately £18k.

The present value of the Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in Note 20, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 July 2020. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.